

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as indicated below. The language being added is underlined ("___") and the language being deleted contains either a strikethrough ("——") or is enclosed by double brackets ("[[]]").

1-34. (Canceled).

35. (Currently Amended) A method for preventing a DC flow condition caused by a transmit signal, comprising:

~~determining whether a~~ monitoring a data signal to determine whether the data signal exhibits a change in value based on an asynchronous counter and a predetermined limit, wherein while monitoring the data signal, the asynchronous counter is updated or reset based on whether the data signal maintains a current logic level for multiple clock cycles;

generating a first signal in response to determining that the data signal does not exhibit a change in value to prevent the DC flow condition;

monitoring a clock signal; and

generating a second signal in response to a clock signal condition to prevent the DC flow condition

36. (Original) The method of claim 35, wherein the data signal is provided by a delta-sigma modulator.

37. (Canceled)

38. (Original) The method of claim 35, wherein the first signal is a power down signal.

39. (Canceled)

40. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 38, wherein the power down signal is generated by [[an]] the asynchronous counter that reaches a maximum value.

41. (Original) The method of claim 35, wherein the second signal is a reset signal.

42. (Original) The method of claim 41, wherein the reset signal is generated in response to a clock signal having a frequency that fails to exceed a predetermined minimum value.

43. (Original) The method of claim 42, wherein the reset signal is generated by a monostable circuit.

44. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:

monitoring a level of a data signal to determine whether a data signal condition exists, wherein monitoring a data signal comprises:

initializing an asynchronous counter;

updating the asynchronous counter when the level of the data signal is maintained for more than one clock cycle;

resetting the asynchronous counter when the level of the data signal is not maintained for more than one clock cycle; and

determining whether the asynchronous counter exceeds a predetermined limit;

generating a power down signal in response to the data signal condition to prevent a DC flow condition;

monitoring a clock signal; and

generating a reset signal in response to a clock signal condition to prevent the DC flow condition.

45. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 44, wherein the data signal is provided by a delta-sigma modulator.

46. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 44, wherein a clock signal condition exists if the clock signal has a frequency that fails to exceed a predetermined minimum value.

47. (Canceled)

48. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 44, wherein generating a reset signal comprises generating the reset signal using a monostable circuit.

49. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:

monitoring a level of a data signal, wherein monitoring comprises:

initializing an asynchronous counter;

updating the asynchronous counter when the level of the data signal is maintained for more than one clock cycle;

resetting the asynchronous counter when the level of the data signal is not maintained for more than one clock cycle; and

determining that a signal fault condition exists based on the asynchronous counter and a predetermined limit;

generating a power down signal if a signal fault condition exists;

monitoring for an anomalous clock signal comprising a clock signal with a frequency that fails to exceed a predetermined minimum value; and

generating a reset signal if an anomalous clock signal exists.

50. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 49, wherein monitoring for an anomalous clock signal comprises monitoring how long the clock signal remains high and low.

51. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 50, further comprising monitoring whether the clock signal remains high or low beyond a predetermined limit of time.

52. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 49, wherein generating a reset signal comprises generating the reset signal using a monostable circuit.

53. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 49, wherein monitoring a data signal comprises monitoring a data signal generated by a delta-sigma modulator.